

A rod is made up of elements (1), (2), (3) and (4), with each element having a length of  $L$ , and the elements have outer diameters of  $d_1$ ,  $d_2$ ,  $d_3$  and  $d_4$ , respectively. Element (2) is a core inside the tube element (3), as shown in the figure, and elements (1), (2)/(3) and (4) are connected in series. The elements have Young's moduli of:  $E_1 = E_2 = E$  and  $E_3 = E_4 = 2E$ . C, D and H represent rigid connectors for the rod elements. Loads of  $2P$ ,  $P$  and  $3P$  act on connectors C, D and H, in directions shown on the figure below.

- Determine the displacement of connector H.
- Determine the stress in each element of the rod.

