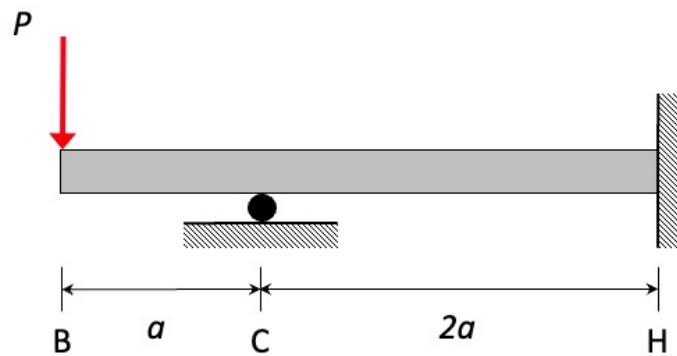
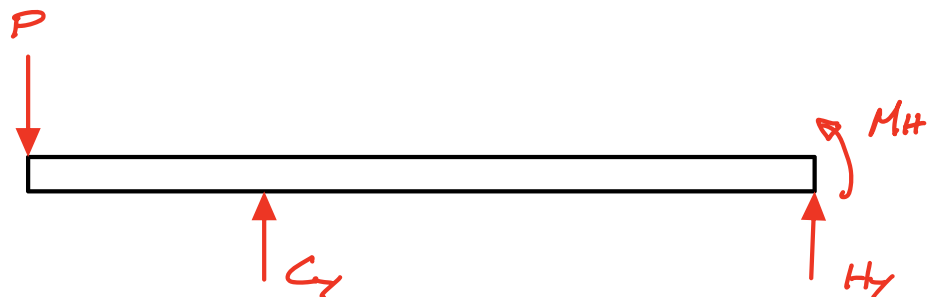


Consider the beam shown below that is supported by a roller at C, and by a fixed wall at end H. A end load  $P$  acts at B. The cross section has a second area moment of  $I$  and is made up of a material having a Young's modulus of  $E$ . It is desired to determine the reactions at supports C and H using Castigliano's method. To this end:

- Draw a free body diagram of the entire beam and write down the equilibrium equations. Show that the problem is statically indeterminate.
- Choose an appropriate set of redundant constraint force(s) from your FBD above.
- Write down the strain energy expression for the beam. You may neglect the contributions to the strain energy from shear.
- Use Castigliano's method to determine the reactions at C and H.



a) Equilibrium



$$\sum M_H = M_H - C_y(2a) + P(3a) = 0$$

$$(1) \quad \hookrightarrow M_H = -3Pa + 2C_y a$$

$$\sum F_y = -P + C_y + H_y = 0$$

$$(2) \quad \hookrightarrow H_y = P - C_y$$

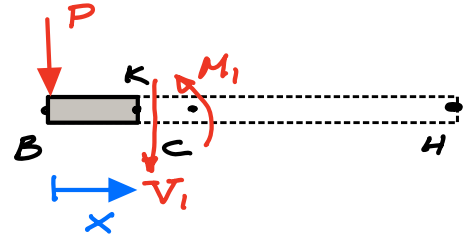
Two equations, three unknowns  $\Rightarrow$  INDETERMINATE

b) Choose  $C_y$  as the redundant constraint force.

c) Energy expression

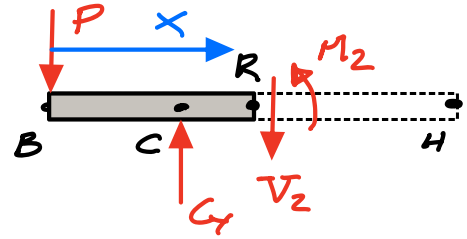
$$\underline{BC}: \sum M_k = M_1 + Px = 0$$

$$\hookrightarrow M_1(x) = -Px$$



$$\underline{CH}: \sum M_R = M_2 + Px - C_y(x-a)$$

$$\hookrightarrow M_2(x) = -Px + C_y(x-a)$$



$$\therefore U = \frac{1}{2EI} \left[ \int_0^a M_1^2 dx + \int_a^{3a} M_2^2 dx \right]$$

d) Castiglano

$$\frac{\partial U}{\partial C_y} = 0 = \frac{1}{EI} \left[ \int_0^a M_1 \frac{\partial M_1}{\partial C_y} dx + \int_a^{3a} M_2 \frac{\partial M_2}{\partial C_y} dx \right]$$

$$= \int_a^{3a} [-Px + C_y(x-a)](x-a) dx$$

$$= \int_a^{3a} [-P(x^2 - ax) + C_y(x^2 - 2ax + a^2)] dx$$

$$= \left[ P \left( -\frac{1}{3}x^3 + \frac{1}{2}ax^2 \right) + C_y \left( \frac{1}{3}x^3 - ax^2 + a^2x \right) \right]_a^{3a}$$

$$= P \left\{ -\frac{1}{3} [(3a)^3 - a^3] + \frac{1}{2} a [(3a)^2 - a^2] \right\}$$

$$+ C_y \left\{ \frac{1}{3} [(3a)^3 - a^3] - a [(3a)^2 - a^2] + a^2 [3a - a] \right\}$$

$$= -\frac{14}{3} Pa^3 + \frac{8}{3} C_y a^3$$

$$\hookrightarrow C_y = \frac{7}{4} P$$

$$(1) \Rightarrow M_H = -3Pa + 2 \left( \frac{7}{4} P \right) a = \frac{1}{2} Pa$$

$$(2) \Rightarrow H_y = P - C_y = -\frac{3}{4} P$$