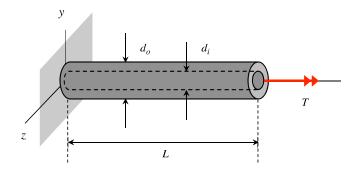
## Homework H33.A

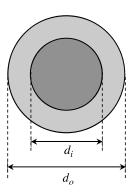
**Given**: A tubular cross-section shaft has inner and outer diameters of  $d_i$  and  $d_0$ , respectively. The shaft is fixed to a rigid wall at its left end, and an axial torque T is applied to the right end. The material making up the shaft has a shear modulus of G.

*Find*: For this problem:

- a) Determine the maximum shear stress in the shaft. Where on the shaft's cross section does this maximum shear stress exist?
- b) Make a sketch of the shear stress on the cross section of the tube.
- c) Determine the maximum shear strain in the shaft. Where on the shaft's cross section does this maximum shear strain exist?

For this problem, use the following parameters:  $d_i = 2$  in,  $d_0 = 4$  in, T = 30 kip-ft and  $G = 11 \times 10^3$  ksi.





cross section of tube

## Homework H33.B

Given: A circular cross-sectioned shaft is made up of components (1) and (2). Component (1) has a tubular cross section, with inner and outer diameters of d and 2d, respectively. Component (2) has a solid cross section with a diameter of d. Components (1) and (2) are joined by a rigid connector at B with (1) being attached to a fixed wall at end A. Rigid connector C is attached to end C of component (2). Torques 3T and T act on connectors B and C, respectively, as shown.

## *Find*: For this problem:

- a) Determine the torque load on each of the components as a result of the applied torques.
- b) What is the maximum shear stress in the shaft? At what location(s) does this maximum stress exist?

Leave your answers in terms of *T* and *d*.

